SCOTTSBLUFF PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUGUST 31, 2019



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Education Scottsbluff Public Schools Scottsbluff, Nebraska

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Scottsbluff Public Schools, Scottsbluff, Nebraska, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position - modified cash basis of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Scottsbluff Public Schools, Scottsbluff, Nebraska, as of August 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position - modified cash basis, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting as described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Scottsbluff Public Schools, Scottsbluff, Nebraska's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information on pages 32 - 48 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards on pages 28 - 31 is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information on pages 32 - 47 and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards on pages 28 - 31 are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information on pages 32 - 47 and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards on pages 28 - 31 are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The supplementary information included on page 48, which is the responsibility of management, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 1, 2019, on our consideration of Scottsbluff Public Schools, Scottsbluff, Nebraska's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Scottsbluff Public Schools, Scottsbluff, Nebraska's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dana Flole+ Company, LLP

Scottsbluff, Nebraska November 1, 2019

SCOTTSBLUFF PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

				Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Net Position
		Progra	m Receipts	Primary Government
		Charges	Operating	Total
	Disburse-	for	Grants and	Governmental
	ments	Services	Contributions	Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS				
Governmental Activities				
Instructional services	47 450 444	00.045		(47,400,000)
Regular instructional programs	17,458,111	20,045		(17,438,066)
Special education instructional	1 201 770		1 0 0 5 0 7 7	(0.070 501)
programs Support services	4,304,778		1,925,277	(2,379,501)
Pupils	2,191,444			(2,191,444)
Staff	1,507,696			(1,507,696)
Maintenance and operation	1,007,000			(1,007,000)
of buildings and sites	3,698,016			(3,698,016)
Pupil transportation	617,380		36,990	(580,390)
General and administrative	011,000		00,000	(000,000)
General administration	585,943			(585,943)
Office of the Principal	2,537,167			(2,537,167)
Business services	691,060			(691,060)
Early retirement	180,801			(180,801)
Community services	38,366			(38,366)
State categorical programs	860,951		820,738	(40,213)
Federal programs	2,710,354		2,027,910	(682,444)
Summer school	402,205			(402,205)
Private grants	10,771			(10,771)
School Nutrition Fund	1,718,002	500,098	1,278,233	60,329
Capital outlay	336,714			(336,714)
Debt service	4,385,878			(4,385,878)
Other disbursements	476,390	463,497		(12,893)
Total governmental				
activities	44,712,027	983,640	6,089,148	(37,639,239)
Conoral Passinta				
General Receipts Taxes				20,567,232
Interest				20,507,252 284,640
Interest				204,040

SCOTTSBLUFF PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

				Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in Net Position Primary
		Progra	m Receipts	Government
Conoral Respire (Continued)	Disburse- ments	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Total Governmental Activities
General Receipts (Continued) Local receipts County receipts State receipts Nonrevenue receipts Total general receipts				289,003 191,397 16,413,520 132,378 37,878,170
Change in net position resulting from receipts and disbursements				238,931
NET POSITION, beginning of year				25,374,928
NET POSITION, end of year				25,613,859
ASSETS				
Pooled cash in bank Pooled cash investments Cash at county treasurer				5,700,718 14,398,689 5,514,452
TOTAL ASSETS				25,613,859
NET POSITION Restricted for: Debt service Capital projects Unrestricted				3,736,891 2,300,605 19,576,363
TOTAL NET POSITION				25,613,859

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

SCOTTSBLUFF PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS AND STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

				Major Funds				
		School	Special	Qualified	Student			Total
	General	Nutrition	Building	Capital Purpose	Fee	Cooperative	Bond	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Undertaking Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds
RECEIPTS								
Taxes	16,542,456		140,789	760,080			3,123,907	20,567,232
Interest	215,988	5,492	27,462	13,731			21,967	284,640
Fines and licenses	50,905							50,905
Other local receipts	238,098							238,098
County receipts	191,397							191,397
State receipts	18,864,632	10,176	11,352	62,747			257,794	19,206,701
Federal receipts	2,027,910	1,268,057						3,295,967
Program sales and charges	296,038	500,098			20,045	167,459		983,640
Nonrevenue receipts	132,378							132,378
Total receipts	38,559,802	1,783,823	179,603	836,558	20,045	167,459	3,403,668	44,950,958
DISBURSEMENTS								
on Instructional services								
Regular instructional programs	17,458,111							17,458,111
Special education instructional	, ,							
programs	4,304,778							4,304,778
Support services	, , , , ,							
Pupils	2,191,444							2,191,444
Staff	1,507,696							1,507,696
Maintenance and operation								
of buildings and sites	3,698,016							3,698,016
Pupil transportation	617,380							617,380
General and administrative								
General administration	585,943							585,943
Office of the Principal	2,537,167							2,537,167
Business services	691,060							691,060
Early retirement	180,801							180,801
Community services	38,366							38,366
State categorical programs	860,951							860,951
Federal programs	2,710,354							2,710,354
Summer school	402,205							402,205
Private grants	10,771							10,771
School Nutrition Fund		1,718,002						1,718,002
Capital outlay	220,153		116,561					336,714
Debt service				654,481			3,731,397	4,385,878
Other disbursements	301,810				16,392	158,188		476,390
Total disbursements	38,317,006	1,718,002	116,561	654,481	16,392	158,188	3,731,397	44,712,027

SCOTTSBLUFF PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS AND STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

					Major Funds				
		General Fund	School Nutrition Fund	Special Building Fund	Qualified Capital Purpose Undertaking Fund	Student Fee Fund	Cooperative Fund	Bond Fund	Total Governmental Funds
	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF RECEIPTS OVER DISBURSEMENTS	242,796	65,821	63,042	182,077	3,653	9,271	(327,729)	238,931
	FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	18,567,920	601,164	2,237,563	1,199,121	23,373	62,365	2,683,422	25,374,928
	FUND BALANCES, end of year	18,810,716	666,985	2,300,605	1,381,198	27,026	71,636	2,355,693	25,613,859
	ASSETS								
J	ASSETS Pooled cash in bank Pooled cash investments Cash at county treasurer	4,039,065 10,382,756 4,388,895	186,796 480,189	633,340 1,628,032 39,233	327,368 841,178 212,652	27,026	71,636	415,487 1,066,534 873,672	5,700,718 14,398,689 5,514,452
	TOTAL ASSETS	18,810,716	666,985	2,300,605	1,381,198	27,026	71,636	2,355,693	25,613,859
	FUND BALANCES								
	FUND BALANCES Restricted for: Debt service Capital projects Assigned			2,300,605	1,381,198			2,355,693	3,736,891 2,300,605
	Subsequent year budget deficit School Nutrition Program Student activities Cooperative activities Unassigned	3,833,722	666,985			27,026	71,636		3,833,722 666,985 27,026 71,636
	TOTAL FUND BALANCES	18,810,716	666,985	2,300,605	1,381,198	27,026	71,636	2,355,693	14,976,994 25,613,859

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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SCOTTSBLUFF PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2019

	Agency Funds Activities Fund
ASSETS Pooled cash in bank	496,113
LIABILITIES Due to student groups and others	496,113
NET POSITION	- 0 -

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies of Scottsbluff Public Schools, Scottsbluff, Nebraska (the District).

Reporting Entity

Scottsbluff Public Schools, Scottsbluff, Nebraska's Board of Education is the basic level of government, which has financial accountability and control over all activities related to public school education in the District. The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by the GASB pronouncement, since the District's board members are elected by the public and have decision-making authority, the authority to levy taxes, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and primary accountability for fiscal matters. In addition, there are no component units, as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14, which are included in the District's reporting entity.

All significant activities and organizations on which the District exercises oversight responsibility have been included in the District's financial statements.

Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements

The District utilizes the provisions of Statement No. 34 of the Government Accounting Standards Board, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments.* Statement No. 34 established standards for external financial reporting for all state and local government entities, which includes government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and the classification of net position into the following components: restricted and unrestricted.

The statement of net position and statement of activities report information on the District as a whole. They include all funds of the District except for fiduciary funds. The effects of interfund activity have been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental receipts, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The District does not report any business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct disbursements of a given function or segment are offset by program receipts. Direct disbursements are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program receipts include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basic Financial Statements - Government-Wide Statements (Continued)

from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program receipts are reported instead as general receipts.

Basic Financial Statements - Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements as applicable.

The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, receipts, and disbursements.

Fund Types

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, which are grouped into the following fund types:

Governmental Fund Types

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District and accounts for all receipts and disbursements of the District not encompassed within other funds. It may finance all facets of services rendered by the District, inclusive of operation and maintenance. General Fund receipts are classified according to source while its disbursements are classified according to specific functions. All property tax receipts and other receipts that are not allocated by law, budgetary requirement, or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating disbursements and the new replacement capital outlay costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund. General Fund disbursements are limited by the Tax Equity and Educational Opportunities Support Act.

Depreciation Fund - The Depreciation Fund is established by the District in order to facilitate the eventual purchase of a costly capital outlay by reserving such monies from the General Fund. To allocate monies from the General Fund, the District will show the movement of monies as a disbursement from the General Fund and the Depreciation

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Types (Continued)

Governmental Fund Types (Continued)

Fund will show the receipt as a "transfer from the General Fund." The District may divide this fund into more than one account to allocate a portion of this fund for different valid purposes. The purpose of a depreciation fund is to spread replacement costs of capital outlay over a period of years to avoid a disproportionate tax effect in a single year to meet such an expense. This fund is restricted as part of the Allowable Reserve by the Tax Equity and Educational Opportunities Support Act. The Depreciation Fund is considered a component of the General Fund.

Employee Benefit Fund - The Employee Benefit Fund is established to specifically reserve General Fund money for the benefit of the District employees (unemployment compensation, early retirement, health insurance deductibles, etc.). The District accounts for the allocation of funds from the General Fund to this fund as a disbursement in the General Fund and in the Employee Benefit Fund the receipt as a "transfer from the General Fund." This fund may consist of more than one account for valid allocation purposes. The cash reserve of this fund is restricted as part of the Allowable Reserve by the Tax Equity and Educational Opportunities Support Act. The Employee Benefit Fund is considered a component of the General Fund.

School Nutrition Fund - The School Nutrition Fund is used to accommodate the financial activities of the Child Nutrition Programs. These include the School Lunch, School Breakfast, After School Snack, Special Milk, Child and Adult Care Food, and the Summer Food Service Programs. The fund accounts for all receipts and disbursements of all Child Nutrition Programs. Receipts in this fund include the federal and state program cost reimbursements received by the District and General Fund support of the lunch program. All food purchases and other supplies are accounted for as disbursements of the School Nutrition Fund; accordingly, no inventories are maintained in this fund.

Bond Fund - The Bond Fund is used to record tax receipts and disbursements for the payment of bond principal and interest, and other related costs (i.e. investment interest, trustee fees, etc.). Receipts from a levy to retire bonds in the District are retained in a separate fund by the county treasurer, the financial institution serving as a fiscal agent, or the District. Funds are disbursed upon appropriate demand. All records of the transaction are maintained in this fund. Proceeds from bond issuance are deposited and recorded as a receipt in the Special Building Fund to be disbursed on the actual building project. The General Fund is used to make interest and bond retirement payments if the Bond Fund balance is not sufficient to meet these requirements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Types (Continued)

Governmental Fund Types (Continued)

Special Building Fund - The Special Building Fund is established for acquiring or improving sites and buildings, including the construction, alteration, or improvement of buildings. The primary sources of receipts for the Special Building Fund include the sale of bonds, the sale of property, and tax receipts. Regardless of the source, all receipts for this purpose are accountable through this fund. General Fund disbursements for the purpose of this fund are not allowable. Special Building Fund accounting provides a more effective means of identifying those disbursements associated with construction activities and provides a complete and consolidated record of all costs of the building program at the conclusion of a project(s). If more than one Special Building Fund activity is active at the same time, separate accounts for each project may be established within the single Special Building Fund. The tax levy for this fund is restricted. The Board of Education may approve a budget with a levy limitation of \$0.14 per one hundred dollars of valuation, or a tax levy not to exceed \$0.175 per one hundred dollars of valuation may be established for this fund by a vote of the people within the District for a term not to exceed ten years.

Qualified Capital Purpose Undertaking Fund - The Qualified Capital Purpose Undertaking Fund (QCPUF) is established for a specific abatement project to address an actual or potential environmental hazard, accessibility barrier, life safety code violation, life safety hazard, or mold which exists within one or more existing school buildings or the school grounds of existing school buildings controlled by the District. Such determination shall not include abatement projects related to the acquisition of new property, the construction of a new building, the expansion of an existing building, or the remodeling of an existing building for purposes other than the abatement of environmental hazards, accessibility barriers, life safety code violations, life safety hazards, or mold. The period of years for such levy shall not exceed ten years and the levy for such project when combined with all other levies pursuant to Sections 79-10, 110.02 and 79-10, 110 R.R.S. shall not exceed \$0.03 per one hundred dollars of taxable valuation. General Fund disbursements for the purpose of these funds are not allowable.

For projects in place prior to April 19, 2016, the Qualified Capital Purpose Undertaking Fund maximum levy remains at \$0.052.

If taxable valuation is lower than the taxable valuation in the year when the District last issued QCPUF bonds and the \$0.03 maximum levy is insufficient to meet the combined annual principal and interest, the District can exceed the \$0.03 maximum levy for the difference to meet that year's principal and interest obligations.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Types (Continued)

Governmental Fund Types (Continued)

Cooperative Fund - The Cooperative Fund is used by the District acting as the fiscal agent for any cooperative activity between the District and one or more public agencies as defined in Section 13-803(2) R.R.S. All public agencies, including the District acting as the fiscal agent, shall show the payment for services to a cooperative in their General Fund.

Student Fee Fund - The Student Fee Fund is established to collect fees from students for participation in extracurricular activities, postsecondary education costs, and summer school or night school. The money is disbursed for the purposes for which it was collected from the students.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Activities Fund - The Activities Fund is used to account for the financial operations of quasi-independent student organizations, interschool athletics, and other self-supporting or partially self-supporting school activities not part of another fund. The Activities Fund shall not be used to record general operation receipts or disbursements, nor shall the Activities Fund be used as a clearing account for the General Fund. The District may divide this fund into more than one account to allocate a portion of this fund for different purposes.

Major Funds

The District reports all governmental funds as major funds. The General Fund and its components are considered one fund for reporting purposes.

Basis of Accounting

The District prepares its financial statements on the modified cash basis, which is in conformity with the accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the State of Nebraska Department of Education.

The modified cash basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than GAAP as established by GASB. The modified cash basis of accounting is based on the recording of cash and cash equivalents and changes therein, and only recognizes revenues, expenses, assets, and liabilities resulting from cash transactions, adjusted for modifications that have substantial support in generally accepted accounting principles.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Only cash (and cash equivalents) and items that involve the receipt or disbursement of cash (or equivalents) during the period are recognized, except for the following modifications:

Assets that normally convert to cash or cash equivalents (e.g., certificates of deposit) that arise from transactions and events involving cash or cash equivalents are recognized; and

Taxes and other revenues collected by the county treasurers are included in revenues of the District in the year collected by the counties and the District funds held by the county treasurers at year end are included as assets of the District. This is in accordance with the requirements of the State of Nebraska Department of Education.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain transactions are not recorded in the financial statements. For example, accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services that have not been collected in cash are not accrued as revenue or receivables. Additionally, capital assets, such as property, equipment, and infrastructure, are not reported and long-term liabilities, such as debt and compensated absences, are not reported.

If the District utilized accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, and the fund financial statements for proprietary fund types would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financial statements would be presented in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting.

Capital Assets

In accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting, capital assets are not recorded as assets on the government-wide or fund financial statements, and depreciation is not recognized. Purchases of capital assets are recorded as disbursements by function in the financial statements.

Long-Term Obligations

In accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting, long-term debt is not reported as a liability in the government-wide or fund financial statements. Proceeds from long-term debt are reported as receipts and payments of principal are reported as disbursements in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Equity Classification

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in two components:

Restricted net position consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position consists of net assets that do not meet the definition of restricted.

It is the District's policy to use restricted net assets first, prior to the use of unrestricted net assets, when a disbursement is paid for purposes in which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance.

Fund Balance Classification

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable

This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they either (a) are not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District currently has no amounts classified in this category.

Restricted

This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Equity Classification (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Fund Balance Classification (Continued)

Committed

This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Education. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The District currently has no amounts classified in this category.

Assigned

This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Board of Education or through the Board delegating this responsibility to the District administrator through the budgetary process.

Unassigned

This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund.

The District would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources, and then assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

Interfund Balances and Activities

In the process of aggregating the financial information of the government-wide financial statements, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified.

Budget Process and Property Taxes

The District is required by state law to hold public hearings and adopt annual budgets for all funds on the modified cash basis of accounting. Total disbursements for each fund may not exceed the total budgeted disbursements. The General Fund is also subject to a total non-special education disbursement limit. Appropriations for disbursements lapse

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Budget Process and Property Taxes (Continued)

at year end. Any revisions to the adopted budget of total disbursements to any fund require a public hearing. State statutes of the Nebraska Budget Act provide the prescribed budget practices and procedures that governing bodies are required to follow. The amounts that may be budgeted for certain specific funds are subject to various disbursements and/or tax levy limitations.

The property tax requirement resulting from the budget process is utilized to establish the tax levy in accordance with state statutes, which tax levy attaches as an enforceable lien on property within the District as of January 1. Taxes are due as of that date. Onehalf of the real estate taxes due January 1 become delinquent after the following May 1, with the second one-half becoming delinquent after September 1.

Compensated Absences

In accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting, vacation and sick leave benefits are reported as expenses when paid. The District has entered into negotiated contracts for employment for its certified and noncertified personnel for specified periods. Those contracts specify, in addition to other items, the sick and vacation leave accrual and use of these benefits. Subsequent negotiated contracts may alter those benefit terms. The District's negotiated contract terms for sick and vacation leave benefits are as follows:

Certified Personnel

Vacation leave - There is no benefit provided for vacation leave.

Sick leave - For full-time employees, sick leave accrues on September 1 of each year at a rate of nine days per year. Employees may accumulate 75 days of sick leave. Unused sick leave may be converted to a cash benefit upon retirement at age 55 or above or death at a rate of \$40 per day for a maximum of 75 days.

Noncertified Personnel

Vacation leave - For full-time, full-year employees, vacation leave accrues on September 1 of each year at a rate of two weeks per year for employees with 10 years of service or less and three weeks for employees with more than 10 years of service to the District. Vacation leave is pro-rated for employees entering service to the District after September 1. All unused vacation is forfeited as of August 31 of the year following the year in which it is earned.

Sick leave - Sick leave will accrue at a rate of one day per month of service. Employees may accumulate 60 days of sick leave. Unused sick leave may be converted to a cash benefit, at a specified contractual rate, upon disability or retirement, upon 10 years of service or more.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Compensated Absences (Continued)

Administrators

Vacation leave - Administrators with 12-month contracts receive 25 days of vacation annually upon contract renewal (July 1).

Sick leave - Ten days of sick leave are provided each of the first two years of employment and six days each succeeding year of employment. Sick leave of up to 100 days will be paid at the rate of \$40 per day upon retirement or death of the administrator.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the modified cash basis of accounting used by the District requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures; accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

For the following disclosures, deposits - including checking accounts, savings accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit - are all classified as cash or cash and cash equivalents on the financial statements.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of August 31, 2019, the District held bank deposits and also held funds in certificates of deposits with the Nebraska Liquid Asset Fund (NLAF).

The NLAF was formed in 1988 under the Interlocal Cooperation Act to provide a cash management program for school districts, educational service units and community colleges, public agencies, and other governmental subdivisions. The NLAF was established to assist public bodies throughout the State of Nebraska with the investment of their available cash reserves. Participation in the investment fund is voluntary for its members. The objective of the fund is to provide a means for investors to achieve a high rate of return while preserving principal and maintaining liquidity, while investing only in instruments permitted by applicable Nebraska statutes. NLAF seeks to achieve its investment objective through professionally managed investment funds governed by the investment policies and restrictions specified. The NLAF Board of Trustees is elected from representatives of various participants in the fund. The NLAF Board of Trustees has engaged PFM Asset Management, LLC, as administrator and investment advisor. For a copy of the most recent audit report for the NLAF, contact NLAF at 1-877-667-3523 or via the NLAF website at https://www.nlafpool.org/.

NOTE 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits (Continued)

Bank Deposits

As of August 31, 2019, all of the District's deposits with financial institutions were fully insured or collateralized by securities held in the District's name in the form of joint safekeeping receipts. State law requires all funds in depositories to be fully insured or collateralized, and the District's policy is to require depositories to provide pledged securities to cover deposits in excess of FDIC limits.

NLAF Deposits

State law required collateralization of deposits with Federal depository insurance or with U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency securities having an aggregate value at least equal to the balance of deposits. As of August 31, 2019, all of NLAF's deposits were insured and collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution in other than the NLAF's name.

Investments

The NLAF is a pooled cash account that invests primarily in U.S. government & agency obligations and repurchase agreements. The NLAF seeks to maintain a stable net asset value of \$1 per share, but it is possible to lose money investing in the NLAF. The NLAF is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or any other governmental agency.

At August 31, 2019, the District had \$8,830,211 in NLAF investments. These investments consisted of government agency securities and repurchase agreements that were collateralized by U.S. government securities.

The District is exposed to risks noted below in relation to its investments in the NLAF. The District does not have a policy for these risks. The following NLAF risk policies below were taken from footnotes in the NLAF audit report.

Interest Rate Risk

The NLAF investment policy limits its exposure to market value fluctuations due to changes in interest rates by requiring that the portfolio maintain a dollar-weighted average maturity of not greater than 60 days. The weighted average maturity of the entire portfolio at May 31, 2019, the date of the latest NLAF audit report, was 37 days. All of the NLAF's investments had a maturity of less than two years.

NOTE 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. According to the latest audit report on the NLAF, as of May 31, 2019, the NLAF limits the investments to certain fixed income instruments which school entities are permitted to invest in under Nebraska law. As of May 31, 2019, the investment portfolio was comprised of investments that were, in aggregate, rated by Standard & Poor's (S&P) as shown in the table below. The rates include the ratings of collateral underlying repurchase agreements in effect at May 31, 2019.

S&P Rating	Percent of Portfolio
AA+*	37.32%
A-1+	33.95%
Exempt**	26.42%
Not Rated***	2.31%

*Represents investments in obligations of the U.S. government or its agencies or instrumentalities, which are rated Aaa and AAA by Moody's Investor Service and Fitch Ratings, Inc., respectively, which are the highest category of credit ratings by each of those statistical rating organizations.

**Represents investments in U.S. Treasury securities, which are not considered to be subject to overall credit risk per GASB.

***Represents investments in certificates of deposit insured by the FDIC.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the NLAF will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of the outside party. The NLAF has no specific policy as to custodial credit risk. All of the underlying securities for the NLAF investments in repurchase agreements at May 31, 2019, the latest audit report date for the NLAF, were collateralized at 102% of the obligation's principal and interest value. In the event of default on the obligation to repurchase, the NLAF has the right to liquidate the collateral and apply the proceeds in satisfaction of the obligation.

NOTE 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The NLAF investment policy establishes certain restrictions on investments and limitations on portfolio composition. The investment portfolio at May 31, 2019, included the issuers shown in the table below, which individually represented greater than 5% of the total investment portfolio.

Issuer	Percent of Fund
Axos Bank Credit Agricole Corporate & Investment Bank (NY) Fannie Mae Federal Farm Credit Banks Federal Home Loan Bank Freddie Mac	5.21% 21.62% 5.01% 7.93% 39.67% 5.74%
Goldman Sachs & Company	7.71%

NOTE 3. RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description

The Scottsbluff Public Schools contributes to the Nebraska School Employees Retirement System, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Nebraska Public Employees Retirement System (NPERS). NPERS provides retirement and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The School Employees Retirement Act establishes benefit provisions.

In 1945, the Nebraska Legislature enacted the law establishing a retirement plan for school employees of the State. During the NPERS fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, there were 265 participating school districts. These were the districts that had contributions during the fiscal year. All regular public school employees in Nebraska, other than those who have their own retirement plans (Class V school districts, Nebraska State Colleges, University of Nebraska, and Nebraska Community Colleges), are members of the plan.

Benefits Provided

Normal retirement is at age 65. For an employee who became a member before July 1, 2013, the monthly benefit is equal to the greater of the following: (1) the sum of a savings annuity, which is the actuarial equivalent of the member's accumulated contributions and a service annuity equal to \$3.50 per year of service or (2) the average of the three 12-month periods of service as a school employee in which such compensation was the greatest, multiplied by total years of creditable service, multiplied by a formula factor (currently 2%) set by statute, and an actuarial factor based on age.

NOTE 3. RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

For an employee who became a member on or after July 1, 2013, the monthly benefit is equal to the greater of the following: (1) the sum of a savings annuity, which is the actuarial equivalent of the member's accumulated contributions and a service annuity equal to \$3.50 per year of service or (2) the average of the five 12-month periods of service as a school employee in which such compensation was the greatest, multiplied by total years of creditable service, multiplied by a formula factor (currently 2%) set by statute, and an actuarial factor based on age.

Benefit calculations vary with early retirement. Employees' benefits are vested after five years of plan participation or when termination occurs at age 65 or later.

For school employees who became members prior to July 1, 2013, the benefit paid to a retired member or beneficiary receives an annual cost of living adjustment, which is increased by the lesser of the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers or two and one-half percent. The current benefit paid to a retired member or beneficiary is adjusted so that the purchasing power of the benefit being paid is not less than 75 percent of the purchasing power of the initial benefit.

For school employees who became members on or after July 1, 2013, the benefit paid to a retired member or beneficiary receives an annual cost-of-living adjustment, which is increased by the lesser of the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers or one percent.

Contributions

Contribution provisions are established by State law and may be amended only by the Nebraska legislature. The State contribution is considered a nonemployer contribution since school employees are not employees of the State. The contribution rates (as a percentage of covered payroll for the year were as follows:

- Members (employees): Each member contributed 9.78% of monthly salary.

- District: The District contributed 101% of the member contributions.
- State: The State contributed 2% of estimated payroll for the plan year.

The District's contribution to the Plan for its year ended August 31, 2019, was \$2,326,194.

Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Nebraska Public Employees Retirement Systems Plan financial report. NPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for NPERS. That report may be obtained by writing the NPERS, P.O. Box 94816, Lincoln, NE 68509-4816, by calling 1.800.245.5712 or via the internet at http://www.auditors.nebraska.gov/APA_Reports.

NOTE 4. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt at August 31, 2019, consisted of the following:

The District issued Series 2014 General Obligation Bonds for advance refunding Series 2009B General Obligation Bonds. Total proceeds of the bond issuance were \$5,965,000. Principal payments are made annually on December 15th of each year beginning in 2014. Interest accrues at 0.20% to 3.15% and is payable in semiannual installments due on December 15 and June 15 of each year. The outstanding principal balance of these bonds was \$-0 - as of August 31, 2019.

The District issued Series 2015 General Obligation Bonds for renovation of the high school building. Total proceeds of the bond issuance were \$20,000,000. Principal payments are made annually on December 1st of each year beginning in 2029. Interest accrues at 5.00% and is payable in semiannual installments due on December 1 and June 1 of each year. The outstanding principal balance of these bonds was \$20,000,000 as of August 31, 2019.

The District issued Series 2016 General Obligation Bonds for renovation of the high school building. Total proceeds of the bond issuance were \$9,200,000. Principal payments are made annually on December 1st of each year beginning in 2016. Interest accrues at 2.00% to 3.00% and is payable in semiannual installments due on December 1 and June 1 of each year. The outstanding principal balance of these bonds was \$6,810,000 as of August 31, 2019.

The District issued Series 2017 General Obligation Bonds for advance refunding Series 2012 General Obligation Bonds. Total proceeds of the bond issuance were \$6,925,000. Principal payments are made annually on December 15th of each year beginning in 2018. Interest accrues at 1.15% to 2.25% and is payable in annual installments due on December 15 of each year. The outstanding principal balance of these bonds was \$6,415,000 as of August 31, 2019.

The District issued Series 2019 General Obligation Bonds for advance refunding Series 2014 General Obligation Bonds. Total proceeds of the bond issuance were \$4,195,000. Principal payments are made annually on December 15th of each year beginning in 2019. Interest accrues at 1.45% to 3.00% and is payable in annual installments due on December 15 of each year. The outstanding principal balance of these bonds was \$4,195,000 as of August 31, 2019.

The District issued Series 2014 Limited Tax Obligation Bonds for advance refunding Series 2012 Limited Tax Obligation Bonds. Total proceeds of the bond issuance were \$5,930,000. Principal payments are made annually on December 15th of each year beginning in 2014. Interest accrues at 0.25% to 2.50% and is payable in semiannual installments due on December 15 and June 15 of each year. The outstanding principal balance of these bonds was \$3,062,000 as of August 31, 2019.

NOTE 4. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The following is a summary of the District's long-term debt transactions for the year ended August 31, 2019:

	Balance September 1, 2018	Addi- tions	Retire- ments	Balance August 31, 2019
Series 2014 - General				
Obligation Bonds	5,205,000		5,205,000	
Series 2015 - General				
Obligation Bonds	20,000,000			20,000,000
Series 2016 - General				
Obligation Bonds	7,690,000		880,000	6,810,000
Series 2017 - General				
Obligation Bonds	6,925,000		510,000	6,415,000
Series 2019 - General				
Obligation Bonds		4,195,000		4,195,000
Series 2014 - Limited				
Tax Obligation Bonds	3,646,000		584,000	3,062,000
	43,466,000	4,195,000	7,179,000	40,482,000

The following is a summary of the District's scheduled annual debt service requirements as of August 31, 2019:

Years Ended	2015 GC) Bonds	2016 GO	Bonds
August 31,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2020		1,000,000	615,000	149,658
2021		1,000,000	250,000	141,007
2022		1,000,000	255,000	135,958
2023		1,000,000	295,000	130,457
2024		1,000,000	310,000	124,408
2025 - 2029	40,000	5,000,000	5,085,000	328,996
2030 - 2034	6,815,000	4,185,125		
2035 - 2039	8,910,000	2,217,000		
2040 - 2044	4,235,000	214,375		
	20,000,000	16,616,500	6,810,000	1,010,484

NOTE 4. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Years				
Ended	2017 GC) Bonds	2019 G) Bonds
August 31,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2020	870,000	113,688	70,000	97,264
2021	780,000	100,233	545,000	104,890
2022	885,000	85,795	455,000	97,276
2023	935,000	69,808	405,000	87,675
2024	955,000	50,908	405,000	75,525
2025 - 2029	1,990,000	86,895	2,315,000	139,575
2030 - 2034				
2035 - 2039				
2040 - 2044				
	6,415,000	507,327	4,195,000	602,205
Years			_	
Ended	2014 LTC) Bonds	To	tal
August 31,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2020	593,000	61,360	2,148,000	1,421,970
2021	598,000	55,672	2,173,000	1,401,802
2022	610,000	44,010	2,205,000	1,363,039
2023	623,000	30,590	2,258,000	1,318,530
2024	638,000	15,950	2,308,000	1,266,791
2025 - 2029			9,430,000	5,555,466
2030 - 2034			6,815,000	4,185,125
2035 - 2039			8,910,000	2,217,000
2040 - 2044			4,235,000	214,375
	3,062,000	207,582	40,482,000	18,944,098

Components of debt service for the year ended August 31, 2019, are as follows:

Fund	Principal	Interest	Fees	Total
Qualified Capital Purpose				
Undertaking Fund	584,000	69,731	750	654,481
Bond Fund	2,400,000	1,320,106	11,291	3,731,397
Total	2,984,000	1,389,837	12,041	4,385,878

NOTE 5. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District has purchased commercial insurance to offset these certain risks. Settled claims have not significantly exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 6. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District participates in numerous federal and state assisted grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the granting agencies. To the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds the respective grants.

NOTE 7. BUDGET COMPLIANCE

Following is a summary of the actual and budget amounts by fund:

	Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
General Fund	45,090,273	38,348,298	6,741,975
Special Building Fund	2,120,334	116,561	2,003,773
School Nutrition Fund	2,180,731	1,718,002	462,729
Qualified Capital Purpose			
Undertaking Fund	1,686,467	654,481	1,031,986
Depreciation Fund	2,787,335	220,153	2,567,182
Student Fee Fund	50,000	16,392	33,608
Employee Benefit Fund	500,000	301,810	198,190
Cooperative Fund	480,000	158,188	321,812
Bond Fund	3,942,379	3,731,397	210,982
Activities Fund	1,950,000	762,192	1,187,808
	60,787,519	46,027,474	14,760,045

NOTE 8. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Transfers are used to move receipts from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to disburse them and to move unrestricted receipts collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 8. INTERFUND TRANSFERS (Continued)

Operating transfers consists of the following:

	Fund	I ransters In	Out
Depreciation Fund Employee Benefit Fu General Fund	Ind	655,242 5,000	660,242
		660,242	660,242

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NOTE 9. TAX ABATEMENTS

The District is subject to property tax abatements granted by the City of Scottsbluff, Nebraska, through Tax Incremental Financing (TIF) agreements with various developers. The incremental increase in valuation from the development is not included in the District's available valuation base until the TIF agreement has expired, which is generally 15 years. The incremental taxes, including the District's share is returned to the developer, effectively rebating the taxes on the increased valuation.

Information relevant to the tax abatements impacting the District for the year ending August 31, 2019, are as follows:

Total TIF valuation 2018	25,264,665
District's total levy	1.315271
District share of tax abatement	250,334

The District's total levy was not at the statutory limit. As such, the District received all tax revenue requested.

NOTE 10. RECENTLY ISSUED AND ADOPTED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In January 2017, GASB issued Statement 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. The District did not early implement this statement. GASB 84 establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. Certain fiduciary activities meeting the new criteria will be reported as custodial funds and a statement of changes will be a required financial statement. Other activities not meeting this criteria will be reported as governmental funds. When adopted, GASB 84 may have a significant effect on the District's financial reporting for the Activities Fund currently reported as an agency fund.

NOTE 11. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In preparing the financial statements, the District has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through November 1, 2019, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCOTTSBLUFF PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

CFDA Number	Pass- Through Identifier	Expendi- tures
10.555	201818N109943 201919N109943	1,158,758
10.559	201919N109943	75,506
		1,234,264
10.582	201818N109943	33,793
	2019190109942	
10.555	79003200000	137,911
10.559	79003200000	1,308
		139,219
		1,407,276
84.060		36,499
	Number 10.555 10.559 10.555 10.555 10.559	CFDA NumberThrough Identifier10.555201818N109943 201919N10994310.559201919N10994310.582201818N109943 201919N10994310.5557900320000010.55979003200000

SCOTTSBLUFF PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	CFDA Number	Pass- Through Identifier	Expendi- tures
U.S. Department of Education (Continued)			
Passed through Nebraska Department of Education			
Special Education Cluster (IDEA) Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	19-6404-00-13-079-0032 19-6410-00-13-079-0032 19-6412-00-13-079-0032	772,857
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	19-6406-00-13-079-0032	7,875
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			780,732
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	19-6200-00-13-079-0032 18-4210-00-13-079-0032	1,304,700
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	19-6700-00-13-079-0032	41,706
Education for Homeless Children and Youth	84.196	19-6991-00-13-079-0032	14,001
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	19-6968-A0-13-079-0032 19-6968-A1-13-079-0032	172,559
Rural Education	84.358	RLIS FY 19 79-0032	58,907
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	18-4310-00-13-079-0032	139,473
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	19-6969-00-13-079-0032	87,794
Passed through Educational Service Unit 13			
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	19-6925-00-13-079-0032	23,335
Total U.S. Department of Education			2,659,706

SCOTTSBLUFF PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	CFDA Number	Pass- Through Identifier	Expendi- tures
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed through Nebraska Department of Health and Human Services			
Medical Assistance Program	93.778	79-0032	96,177
Corporation for National and Community Service			
Passed through Nebraska Department of Health and Human Services			
AmeriCorps	94.006	16-AC184443	26,526
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE			4,189,685

SCOTTSBLUFF PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, disbursements are recognized when cash is disbursed. This basis of accounting is consistent with the method utilized for the basic financial statements of the District.

The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

NOTE 2. BASIS FOR EXPENDITURES REPORTED

<u>Cash Disbursements</u> - For certain federal programs, the District makes cash disbursements under the federal program specifically identified as federal program costs. For these federal programs, the District reports federal disbursements in the amount of cash disbursed and indirect costs claimed under the federal program.

<u>Cash Receipts</u> - For certain federal programs, the District receives payment at specified rates per unit of service rendered or product distributed. For these federal programs, the District reports federal disbursements in the amount of cash received under the federal program.

<u>Value of Goods</u> - For certain federal programs, the District receives goods for use. For these federal programs, the District reports disbursements at the value of goods received.

<u>Indirect Costs</u> - For certain federal programs, the District may be allowed to utilize an indirect cost rate as determined by the federal program or a negotiated indirect cost rate. The District may otherwise utilize a de minimis indirect cost rate when allowed by the federal program. For these federal programs, federal disbursements included amount determined as indirect costs. The District did not utilize any indirect cost rate to determine indirect costs. As such, federal disbursements reported do not include any indirect costs.

NOTE 3. CONTINGENCIES

The District receives funds under various federal grant programs and such assistance is to be disbursed in accordance with the provisions of the various grants. Compliance with the grants is subject to audit by various government agencies which may impose sanctions in the event of noncompliance. Management believes that they have complied with all aspects of the various grant provisions and the results of adjustments, if any, relating to such audits would not have any material financial impact.

NOTE 4. SUBRECIPIENTS

The District disbursed no awards to subrecipients during the year.

SCOTTSBLUFF PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA GENERAL FUND COMPONENTS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS AND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	General Fund	Depreciation Fund	Employee Benefit Fund	Reclassifi- cations	Total Governmental Funds
RECEIPTS					
Taxes	16,542,456				16,542,456
Interest	185,780	30,208			215,988
Fines and licenses	50,905				50,905
Other local receipts	238,098				238,098
County receipts	191,397				191,397
State receipts	18,864,632				18,864,632
Federal receipts	2,027,910		000 000		2,027,910
Program sales and charges	400.070		296,038		296,038
Nonrevenue receipts	132,378	655 040	F 000	(660.040)	132,378
Transfers in		655,242	5,000	(660,242)	
Total receipts	38,233,556	685,450	301,038	(660,242)	38,559,802
DISBURSEMENTS					
Instructional services					
Regular instructional					
programs	17,518,353			(60,242)	17,458,111
Special education					, , ,
instructional programs	4,304,778				4,304,778
Support services					
Pupils	2,191,444				2,191,444
Staff	1,507,696				1,507,696
Maintenance and					
operation of buildings					
and sites	4,298,016			(600,000)	3,698,016
Pupil transportation	617,380				617,380
General and administrative					
General administration	585,943				585,943
Office of the Principal	2,537,167				2,537,167
Business services	691,060				691,060
Early retirement	180,801				180,801
Community services	38,366				38,366
State categorical programs	860,951				860,951
Federal programs	2,710,354				2,710,354

SCOTTSBLUFF PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA GENERAL FUND COMPONENTS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS AND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF ASSETS AND FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

DISBURSEMENTS (Continued)	General Fund	Depreciation Fund	Employee Benefit Fund	Reclassifi- cations	Total Governmental Funds
Summer school Private grants Capital outlay	402,205 10,771	220,153			402,205 10,771 220,153
Other disbursements Total disbursements	38,455,285	220,153	301,810 301,810	(660,242)	301,810 38,317,006
RECEIPTS OVER (UNDER) DISBURSEMENTS	(221,729)	465,297	(772)		242,796
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year	16,096,351	2,470,083	1,486		18,567,920
FUND BALANCES, end of year	15,874,622	2,935,380	714		18,810,716
ASSETS					4 000 005
Pooled cash in bank Pooled cash investments Cash at county treasurer	3,216,268 8,269,459 4,388,895	822,083 2,113,297	714	,	4,039,065 10,382,756 4,388,895
TOTAL ASSETS	15,874,622	2,935,380	714		18,810,716
FUND BALANCES Assigned Unassigned	897,628 14,976,994	2,935,380	714		3,833,722 14,976,994
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	15,874,622	2,935,380	714		18,810,716

		Original and Final Budget	Actual
FUND BALAN	ICE, beginning of year		16,096,351
RECEIPTS			
Loc	al sources		
٦	Taxes		
1110	Property taxes - general purpose	15,837,000	15,056,812
1115	Carline tax	22,000	26,942
1120	Public Power District sales tax	500,000	3,793
1125	Motor vehicle taxes	1,200,000	1,454,909
1410 I	nterest	45,000	185,780
1610 l	Local license fees	20,000	19,870
1620 F	Police court fines	45,000	31,035
1900 (Other local receipts	128,500	238,098
	Total local sources	17,797,500	17,017,239
	unty sources		
	County fines and license fees	200,000	187,547
2210 E	ESU receipts	3,500	3,850
	Total county sources	203,500	191,397
Sta	te sources		
010	State aid	14,349,056	14,349,056
	Special education	2,000,000	1,925,277
	Special education - transportation	60,000	36,990
	Homestead exemption	500,000	544,277
	Property tax credit	250,000	686,169
	Pro-rate motor vehicle	55,000	54,657
	State apportionment	440,000	378,738
	State categorical programs	1,199,000	820,738
	Other state receipts	70,000	68,730
	Total state sources	18,923,056	18,864,632

		Original and Final Budget	Actual
RECEIPT	S (Continued)	200800	
	Federal sources		
4200	Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies	1,055,000	677,793
4404		601,000	706,894
4700	,		,
	to States	41,778	56,504
4307	Native American Education - Grants to Local Educational	25,000	22,544
4406	Special Education - Grants to States		,
	(Preschool Special Ed)	18,525	9,821
4990	Education for Homeless Children and Youth	13,000	14,069
4968	Twenty-First Century Community Learning	·	,
	Centers	177,000	102,512
4990	Rural Education	55,000	94,762
4925	English Language Acquisition	14,000	18,178
4310	Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	198,000	
4455	Medical Assistance Program	100,000	96,178
4990	AmeriCorps	55,000	21,453
4999	Other	150,000	207,202
	Total federal sources	2,503,303	2,027,910
	Nonrevenue receipts		
5000	Other nonrevenue receipts	130,642	132,378
	Total receipts	39,558,001	38,233,556
TOTAL FU	JNDS AVAILABLE		54,329,907
DISBURS	SEMENTS		
	Instructional services		
1100	Regular instructional programs	19,977,009	17,518,353
1200	Special education instructional programs	6,592,414	4,304,778
	Summer school	701,895	402,205
	Support services	,	, -
2100	Pupils	2,031,733	2,191,444
2200	Staff	1,363,871	1,507,696

		Original and Final	
סטופטוס	CENTE (Continued)	Budget	Actual
DISBURS	SEMENTS (Continued) Support services (Continued)		
2600	Maintenance and operation of buildings		
2000	and sites	4,427,338	4,298,016
2700		755,887	4,298,010
2700	General and administrative	100,001	017,500
2300	General administration	755,887	585,943
2400	Office of the Principal	2,699,596	2,537,167
2500	Business services	935,725	691,060
2900	Early retirement	323,952	180,801
	Community service	151,620	38,366
	Private grants	14,308	10,771
	State categorical programs	1,281,498	860,951
	Federal programs		
6200	Title I, Part A ESEA/ESSA Improving Basic Programs		
	Operated by Local Educational Agencies	1,312,540	1,290,046
6210	Title I Accountability ESEA/ESSA Improving Basic		
	Programs Accountability	5,000	2,174
6230	Title I, Part D, Subpart 2 Prevention & Intervention		
	Programs For Children & Youth Who Are Neglected,		
	Delinquent, Or At-Risk	15,000	12,480
6310	Title II, Part A ESEA/ESSA Supporting Effective Instruction	150,000	146,008
	Title VI, Part B REAP	50,000	63,461
	IDEA Part B (611) Base Allocation - birth through age four	350,000	238,153
	IDEA Preschool (619) Base Allocation	10,000	7,875
	IDEA Enrollment/Poverty (611)	550,000	522,985
	IDEA Part B Proportionate Share	20,000	18,802
6700	Federal Vocational & Applied Technology Education		
	(Carl Perkins)	50,000	43,153
	Indian Education	40,000	36,499
6925	Title III, Part A ESEA/ESSA English Language Acquistion,		~~~~
<u> </u>	Language Enhancement, & Academic Achievement	25,000	23,335
6967	Title IV, Part A ESEA/ESSA Student Support & Academic	050 000	00 474
	Enrichment (SSAE) Grant (2017/18 Competative Based)	250,000	92,171

	Original and Final Budget	Actual
DISBURSEMENTS (Continued) Federal programs		
6968 Title IV, Part B ESEA/ESSA 21St Century Community Learning Centers	200,000	172,559
6990 Other Federal Categorical Programs	30,000	26,525
	•	
6991 Mckinney-Vento Homeless	20,000	14,128
Total disbursements	45,090,273	38,455,285
FUND BALANCE, end of year		15,874,622
ANALYSIS OF FUND BALANCE Cash in bank		
Pooled cash in bank		3,216,268
Pooled cash investments		8,269,459
Cash at county treasurer		4,388,895
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		15,874,622

	Original and Final Budget	Actual
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		2,470,083
RECEIPTS Local sources		
Interest received Other local receipts	20,000	30,208
Transfers in	488,500	655,242
Total local receipts	508,500	685,450
TOTAL FUNDS AVAILABLE		3,155,533
DISBURSEMENTS		
Capital outlay	2,787,335	220,153
FUND BALANCE, end of year		2,935,380
ANALYSIS OF FUND BALANCE Cash in bank		
Pooled cash in bank Pooled cash investments		822,083 <u>2,113,297</u>
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		2,935,380

	Original and Final Budget	Actual
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		1,486
RECEIPTS Local sources		
Contributions received Transfers in	471,252	296,038 5,000
Total receipts	471,252	301,038
TOTAL FUNDS AVAILABLE		302,524
DISBURSEMENTS	500.000	201 810
Employee benefits paid	500,000	301,810
FUND BALANCE, end of year		714
ANALYSIS OF FUND BALANCE Cash in bank		
Pooled cash in bank		714

	Original and Final Budget	Actual
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		601,164
RECEIPTS Local sources	5 000	5 400
Interest received Lunch sales	5,000 505,000	5,492 500,098
State sources	303,000	500,050
State reimbursement Federal sources	10,000	10,176
Federal reimbursements - National School Lunch	1,376,666	1,158,758
Federal reimbursements - Summer Food Service	75,000	75,506
Federal reimbursements - Fresh Fruits and Vegetables	35,000	33,793
Total receipts	2,006,666	1,783,823
TOTAL FUNDS AVAILABLE		2,384,987
DISBURSEMENTS		5 450
Salaries and wages Employee benefits		5,459 687
Purchased services	1,000,000	839,085
Supplies and materials	1,000,000	834,115
Capital outlay	175,000	33,724
Other expenses	5,731	4,932
Total disbursements	2,180,731	1,718,002
FUND BALANCE, end of year		666,985
ANALYSIS OF FUND BALANCE Cash in bank		
Pooled cash in bank		186,796
Pooled cash investments		480,189
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		666,985

	Original and Final Budget	Actual
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		2,237,563
RECEIPTS Local sources Taxes		
Property taxes - general purpose Carline tax Motor Vehicle Tax	145,900	140,502 248 39
Interest received State sources	1,500	27,462
Homestead exemption Property tax credit Pro-rate motor vehicle		5,269 5,580 503
Total receipts	147,400	179,603
TOTAL FUNDS AVAILABLE		2,417,166
DISBURSEMENTS Capital outlay	2,120,334	116,561
FUND BALANCE, end of year		2,300,605
ANALYSIS OF FUND BALANCE Cash in bank		
Pooled cash in bank Pooled cash investments		633,340 1,628,032
Cash at county treasurer		39,233
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		2,300,605

		Original and Final Budget	Actual
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	r		1,199,121
RECEIPTS Local sources Taxes			
Property taxes - general p Carline tax Motor Vehicle Tax	purpose	790,400	758,531 1,345 204
Interest received State sources		6,600	13,731
Homestead exemption Pro-rate motor vehicle Property tax credit Total receipts		797,000	27,166 2,728 32,853 836,558
TOTAL FUNDS AVAILABLE			2,035,679
DISBURSEMENTS Debt service		1,686,467	654,481
FUND BALANCE, end of year			1,381,198
ANALYSIS OF FUND BALANCE Cash in bank			
Pooled cash in bank Pooled cash investments			327,368 841,178
Cash at county treasurer			212,652
TOTAL FUND BALANCE			1,381,198

	Original and Final Budget	Actual
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		<u>23,373</u>
RECEIPTS Local sources Summer or night school fees	45,673	20,045
TOTAL FUNDS AVAILABLE		43,418
DISBURSEMENTS Supplies and materials	50,000	16,392
FUND BALANCE, end of year		27,026
ANALYSIS OF FUND BALANCE Cash in bank Pooled cash in bank		27,026

	Original and Final Budget	Actual
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		62,365
RECEIPTS Local sources		
Participant contributions	390,937	167,459
TOTAL FUNDS AVAILABLE		229,824
DISBURSEMENTS Payments to service providers	480,000	158,188
FUND BALANCE, end of year		71,636
ANALYSIS OF FUND BALANCE		
Cash in bank Pooled cash in bank		71,636

	Original and Final Budget	Actual
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		2,683,422
RECEIPTS Local sources Taxes		
Property taxes - general purpose Carline tax Motor vehicle tax	3,247,500	3,117,546 5,525 836
Interest received State sources	20,000	21,967
Homestead exemption Property tax credit Pro-rate motor vehicle		111,610 134,976 1,208
Total receipts	3,267,500	3,403,668
TOTAL FUNDS AVAILABLE		6,087,090
DISBURSEMENTS Debt service	3,942,379	3,731,397
FUND BALANCE, end of year		2,355,693
ANALYSIS OF FUND BALANCE Cash in bank		
Pooled cash in bank Pooled cash investments		415,487 1,066,534
Cash at county treasurer		873,672
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		2,355,693

	Original and Final Budget	Actual
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		442,346
RECEIPTS General activity receipts	1,807,812	1,088,095
TOTAL FUNDS AVAILABLE		1,530,441
DISBURSEMENTS General activity disbursements	1,950,000	1,034,328
FUND BALANCE, end of year		496,113
ANALYSIS OF FUND BALANCE Cash in bank		
Pooled cash in bank Pooled cash investments		138,942 357,171
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		496,113

SCOTTSBLUFF PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA NOTES TO BUDGETARY SCHEDULES

NOTE 1. SCHEDULES OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -MODIFIED CASH BASIS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Basis of Accounting

The accompanying schedules of receipts, disbursements, and changes in fund balance modified cash basis - budget and actual are presented on the modified cash basis of accounting. This basis is consistent with the basis of accounting used in preparing the basic financial statements. All undisbursed appropriations lapse at the end of the budget year.

Budget Law

The District is required by state law to hold public hearings and adopt annual budgets for all funds on the modified cash basis of accounting. Total disbursements for each fund may not exceed the total budgeted disbursements. The General Fund is also subject to a total non-special education disbursement limit. Appropriations for disbursements lapse at year end. Any revisions to the adopted budget of total disbursements to any fund require a public hearing.

Reconciliation

The Nebraska Department of Education required separate budgets for those funds considered as General Fund components for budget purposes.

A reconciliation of the General Fund financial reporting basis to the budgetary basis is as follows:

Receipts over disbursements - financial reporting basis General Fund	242,796
Receipts over (under) disbursements - budgetary basis	
General Fund	(221,729)
Depreciation Fund	465,297
Employee Benefit Fund	(772)
	242,796

SCOTTSBLUFF PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA ACTIVITIES FUND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN MODIFIED CASH BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (UNAUDITED) YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	Balance September 1, 2018	Receipts	Disburse- ments	Balance August 31, 2019
ELEMENTARY ACTIVITIES				
Academic Club	1,031	2,197	1,867	1,361
Service Club	187		187	
Booster Club	12,644	69,291	58,155	23,780
Class Activities	5,497	500	1,500	4,497
Other Activities	12,685	3,337	6,549	9,473
General District	34,137	27,133	31,030	30,240
Total elementary activities	66,181	102,458	99,288	69,351
JUNIOR HIGH ACTIVITIES				
Academic Club	8,645	59,799	26,025	42,419
Service Club	5,446	710	2,209	3,947
Class Activities	15,121	13,685	11,354	17,452
Other Activities	844	1,938	2,245	537
General District	23,916	33,414	53,908	3,422
Total junior high activities	53,972	109,546	95,741	67,777
HIGH SCHOOL ACTIVITIES				
Academic Club	84,791	180,753	186,134	79,410
Athletic Club	84,335	170,989	171,412	83,912
Service Club	67,822	62,803	60,291	70,334
Class Activities	1,142	26	6	1,162
Scholarship Activities	18,096	1,514	1,090	18,520
Other Activities	466	1,090	654	902
General District	65,541	458,916	419,712	104,745
Total high school activities	322,193	876,091	839,299	358,985
TOTAL ACTIVITIES FUND	442,346	1,088,095	1,034,328	496,113
BUDGET		1,807,812	1,950,000	



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education Scottsbluff Public Schools Scottsbluff, Nebraska

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Scottsbluff Public Schools, Scottsbluff, Nebraska, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Scottsbluff Public Schools, Scottsbluff, Nebraska, and have issued our report thereon dated November 1, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Scottsbluff Public Schools, Scottsbluff, Nebraska's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Scottsbluff Public Schools, Scottsbluff, Nebraska's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Scottsbluff, Nebraska's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Scottsbluff Public Schools, Scottsbluff, Nebraska's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dana & Cole+Company, LLP

Scottsbluff, Nebraska November 1, 2019



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education Scottsbluff Public Schools Scottsbluff, Nebraska

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Scottsbluff Public Schools, Scottsbluff, Nebraska's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Scottsbluff Public Schools, Scottsbluff, Nebraska's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2019. Scottsbluff Public Schools, Scottsbluff, Nebraska's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Scottsbluff Public Schools, Scottsbluff, Nebraska's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Scottsbluff Public Schools, Scottsbluff, Nebraska's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Scottsbluff Public Schools, Scottsbluff, Nebraska's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Scottsbluff Public Schools, Scottsbluff, Nebraska, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Scottsbluff Public Schools, Scottsbluff, Nebraska, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Scottsbluff Public Schools, Scottsbluff, Nebraska's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Scottsbluff Public Schools, Scottsbluff, Nebraska's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance to the program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance has a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dana & Cole+ Company, LLP

Scottsbluff, Nebraska November 1, 2019

SCOTTSBLUFF PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

SECTION I. SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements	
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness identified:	Yes <u>X</u> No
Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses:	Yes <u>X_</u> No
Noncompliance matter to the financial statements disclosed:	Yes <u>X_</u> No
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs:	
Material weakness identified:	Yes <u>X</u> _No
Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses:	Yes <u>X</u> No
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a):	Yes <u>X_</u> No
Identification of major programs:	
Child Nutrition Cluster Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	10.553, 10.555, 10.559 84.010
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee:	Yes <u>X</u> No

SCOTTSBLUFF PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

SECTION II. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None reported.

SECTION III. FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None reported.

SCOTTSBLUFF PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

There were no findings reported for the year ended August 31, 2018.

SCOTTSBLUFF PUBLIC SCHOOLS SCOTTSBLUFF, NEBRASKA CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

There are no findings requiring a corrective action plan.